

the government of the Soldiers and Workmen has concluded neither an armistice nor a treaty contrary to the interests not only of the Russian but of the allied peoples."

## German "Soft Tone" To Win Russian Army

Stockholm, Dec. 9.—An order to the 280th German Army Division containing instructions for fraternization with Russian troops is printed by the Petrograd newspaper "Dyen." The purpose of the order, as stated at the beginning, is "to disorganize the enemy's army and secure necessary information therefrom."

Detailed instructions are given for conducting a propaganda by means of pamphlets and newspapers, together with "appeals in a soft tone filled with comradeship, by giving to harem, etc."

## Russia Abolishes All Existing Courts

PETROGRAD, Dec. 7.—The Council of National Commissioners has issued a decree abolishing existing legal institutions—courts of appeal and district and other courts. Instead of justices of the peace, who are now elected directly, the new courts of justice will consist of one permanent local judge, who is to be elected directly, and two jurymen, who will serve for one session. The jurymen will be designated by the local workmen's and soldiers' delegates. Such courts will try civil cases where the amount in issue does not exceed 3,000 rubles, and criminal cases where the penalty on conviction does not exceed two years' imprisonment. The verdicts of these local courts are to be final and cannot be appealed.

## Calls Russia Unpatriotic

### Former Relief Worker Says Most of People Are Indifferent

"Russia does not know what patriotism means." This is the explanation which Pen Davis, formerly a member of the Young Men's Christian Association War Relief Committee in Russia and now in the United States Aviation Corps, gave for the present armistice between Germany and the Bolsheviks, in his address before the Men's Club of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church yesterday.

## Cuba Expects War Declaration on Austria

### President Menocal May Send Message to Congress

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## President Menocal May Send Message to Congress

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## Cuba Expects War Declaration on Austria

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## President Menocal May Send Message to Congress

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## Cuba Expects War Declaration on Austria

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## President Menocal May Send Message to Congress

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## Cuba Expects War Declaration on Austria

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## President Menocal May Send Message to Congress

HAHAÑA, Dec. 9.—The belief was expressed by several Congressmen this afternoon that President Menocal tomorrow would send a message to Congress asking that a declaration be made that a state of war exists between Cuba and Austria-Hungary.

## Cuba Expects War Declaration on Austria

## Russian Admiral Says Slavs Have Quit, but Allies Will Win

De Richter Predicts Speedy Fall of Lenine and Trotzky and Establishment of Stable Ministry Responsible to the Duma

By James Arthur-Seavey  
WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—"Russia is out of the war, and she will not listen for a minute to any one who suggests that she reenter it."

"Russia will not join arms with Germany and her allies than she will continue in arms with her own allies. She must have peace, and is going to get it."

"Russia will not repudiate, by so much as one ruble, her debt to the United States or any other power from which she has borrowed."

"The Lenine-Trotzky government will be permitted to remain in power for a month or six weeks longer, when it will be superseded by a government by men of known character and stability, whose sole object will be to rehabilitate the country and reorganize the nation in the interest of all the people."

Admiral Without a Navy  
So spoke Admiral Otto de Richter, of the Russian navy, this evening in the course of a very frank talk he gave to me on Russian conditions as they are at the moment and on Russian conditions as he hopes to see them. Many have heard of the man without a country, but few there be, I imagine, who have heard of an admiral without a navy. There is one, however, and he is Admiral Otto de Richter. At least, he might as well be none as he has the official connection he now has. That fantastic collection of individuals known as the Russian government, nor can he draw on his own personal funds. It is, however, therefore, that this Russian sailor is a very live and consequential person to the riddle. "When is an admiral not an admiral?"

Until shortly before the breaking out of the revolution Admiral de Richter commanded the Russian squadron in Finnish waters, composed of gunboats, destroyers and a few cruisers. He was in Petrograd, in lodgings hard by the Duma, when the flag of revolution went up and the flag of the Romanoffs came down.

"Those whose business it was to know things," said the admiral, "knew that a revolution was bound to come, and that pretty quickly, but nobody dreamed, nor even the revolutionists, that the uprising would be so extensive, with such far-reaching results. What everybody expected, except, perhaps, the reigning house, was that Russia would obtain by an uprising of the people, the Russian revolutionaries, the Petrograd district, a ministry that would be responsible solely to the Duma. What really did happen the world knows."

Admiral Now Awaits Orders  
"When Milnikoff became Minister of Foreign Affairs, he asked me to go to America as Russia's naval representative. Before I was ready to sail, Kerensky pushed Milnikoff out of himself. He ratified Milnikoff's orders to me, however, and I sailed for San Francisco shortly before the Root mission sailed. And here I am on what may be called, I suppose, waiting orders."

And the admiral smiled when he caught the somewhat grim humor of his words.

"Well," I inquired, "is Russia out of the war?"

"Oh, yes," was the answer. "She will hear of nothing but peace at once for many months. This is all because, primarily, of the German propaganda. It preached peace all over Russia. The revolution was the result. In the quick changes that have followed one régime has succeeded another until now the Bolsheviks, with Lenine and Trotzky as leaders, are in the saddle. They have gone to extremes, and that is why they are strong with the people. The Russian people, at present, will go to any extremes."

Predicts Fall of Lenine  
"The Lenine and the Trotzky are having their little day, but the shadows already are falling, and soon their night will come, with no dawn to follow."

A Responsible Ministry  
"And then?" I asked as the moderately young admiral (the shadows are still falling toward the west with him, for he is only forty-five) seemed to be looking far beyond the lobby walls of his hotel.

"Then," he replied, his face lighting quickly, "we shall have a stable ministry wholly responsible to the Duma, and backed by the army, under able and trusted leadership."

"And who will head the ministry and who will lead the army and what will the government under such leadership be?"

"I have spoken of the German propaganda. It is the greatest in the world. But America can match it if she will. If she takes the necessary means to tell the Russian people her aims and hopes the preaching will be heard along with the German at first; by and by the people will lend more willing ears to their ancient friends from over the sea and the German propaganda will have lost Russia to the propaganda of America."

"One thing more: Let no American take any stock in the reported statement by Trotzky that Russia will repudiate all debts to other countries. That is only another Trotzky way of haranguing the crowd. Russia is neither a swindler nor a bankrupt, and she will pay her debts as she will repudiate her Trotzky."

175,000 Britons in U.S. Are Urged to Enlist  
There are 175,000 British subjects of draft age now resident in the United States, according to figures compiled by the British and Canadian recruiting mission, 511 Fifth Avenue. The addresses of all these men have been registered, and to each, it was announced yesterday, General W. A. White, head of the recruiting mission, has sent a letter urging immediate enlistment.

The letter adds:  
"Although negotiations are under way between the British and American governments whereby all Britishers of military age will become subject to draft, you must not wait for these arrangements to become completed."

It was also announced by the mission yesterday that more than half the recruits obtained during October for the Canadian forces were supplied from this side of the border.

## Czernin Calls American War Move 'Painful'

But He Says That Wilson "Shows Signs of Important Progress"

U. S. Won't Affect Outcome, He Avers

Austrian Foreign Minister Questions Allied Policy Regarding Small Peoples

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 9.—The declaration of war against Austria-Hungary by the United States, while "painful" to the empire, will not affect the events of the war, in the opinion of Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, whose speech last Tuesday is quoted by the Vienna correspondent of the Berlin "Tagesspiegel." Count Czernin is quoted as having said:

"President Wilson's speech is in many respects incomprehensible and unclear, but it still marks a step forward in the President's manner of thinking, at least in one direction, when he says: 'We in no wise desire to harm Austria-Hungary, and it is none of our affair to concern ourselves with institutions and peoples.'"

"Signs of Progress" in Wilson  
"The President shows signs of making important progress which we must recognize and which it is to our interest to hail down. The right of self-determination by a nation is a catch phrase given different interpretations by various statesmen. We find it first used by the Entente at the beginning of the war as their reason for taking up arms to protect small states like Serbia and Montenegro from violence by the Central Powers."

In a note addressed to the Entente in December, 1916, President Wilson still held to be the one principle of his peace aims the safeguarding of the rights of small states. Subsequently he supplemented this with the formula that he is waging war for the liberation from foreign domination of Italians, Serbians, Rumanians, Czechs and Slovaks. This protection for small nations has receded into the background, to be replaced by plans for the forcible separation from the monarchy of certain nationalities, without granting the latter the right of self-determination of their future."

Calling War Defensive  
Replying to a question asked by Count Andrássy regarding the Austro-Hungarian agreements with Germany on war aims, Count Czernin is quoted in a Reuter dispatch from Budapest as having replied at a meeting of the Committee on Foreign Affairs:

"We are at one with Germany on the basis of a defensive war. The provisions of the armistice of 1918, which was laid down in the German Reichstag as the guiding line for the war, Foreign Minister von Kühlmann, in his last speech, stated very clearly and exactly what these aims were when he said that Alsace-Lorraine was the only obstacle to peace."

When we compare our situation with that of Germany, of course, we should not forget that in certain respects we are in a better position than they are. We have practically no enemy territory in our hands, whereas Germany's colonies today are in the hands of the enemy."

Andrássy Urges "Just" Peace  
A dispatch received here from Budapest states that Count Julius Andrássy, former Premier, in an address to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Hungarian delegation, said recently:

"Peace must be honest and just. Conquest would be contrary to the interests of the monarchy; nevertheless, this war must not end without our insuring our strategic interests."

"We cannot do without Mount Lovcen, which dominates Cattaro, because it makes possible the defence of Cattaro and the coast. It also would be a mistake to leave the possession of Avlona to the Italians. We have in our hands as a pawn large regions of Italy."

Forster, Huns' Critic, Reinstated at Munich  
AMSTERDAM, Nov. 25 (By mail).—Professor Friedrich Forster, of the University of Munich, whose articles in Swiss newspapers two years ago caused rage and impotence because they arraigned Germany so bitterly, and yet did not cost him his undergraduate popularity, as the more "patriotic" element would have liked, is back at his old post at the university again.

His return, late this fall, was sanctioned by the German authorities in face of the protests of fellow faculty members, who almost unanimously had disapproved of his utterances and writings in Switzerland, and was permitted chiefly because Professor Forster had achieved a personal popularity with the students of the university that it seemed unwise to ignore. Resumption of his lecture course was conditioned upon his willingness to avoid political topics.

His first appearance on the lecture platform resulted in a scene unique in German university circles. Cheers, handclapping and stamping of his adherents was mingled with the shouts of disapproval from those who objected to his return. Four times Professor Forster attempted to begin speaking, and four times he was prevented by the uproar. Finally, the majority, consisting of his adherents, took matters into their own hands and forcibly ejected the "disturbing element." Professor Forster himself gave it up, and in the din slipped out of the auditorium. When he will attempt to lecture again has not been announced.

Humbert Quits Newspaper  
Accused French Senator Leaves the "Journal"

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Senator Charles Humbert announces in this morning's issue of the "Journal" that he is leaving that newspaper, the direction of which returns to Henri Letellier. Senator Humbert says in his article:

"If I have been deceived twice, it has been under conditions which would have deceived the most vigilant patriot. My conscience is without reproach, but I have maintained too often that in war time a chief's error is without excuse."

Sensor Humbert's resignation from the newspaper thus comes just before the Senate is to vote on the suspension of his immunity, so as to allow the state to charge him with complicity in relations with the enemy.

## ADVERTISEMENT

Established 1723

MEN'S  
FUR and FUR-LINED  
COATS  
Ready and Custom Made

MOTOR ROBES

Revillon  
Frères

5th Avenue  
at 53d Street

## France Sells War Bonds From Seized Zeppelin

PARIS, Dec. 9.—National loan bonds are being sold to-day from the captain's gondola of one of the recently captured Zeppelins placed in the great court of the Invalides. Treasury officials are dealing with long lines of buyers. Opposite are a tank armed for battle and one of Guymer's airplanes, while around the court are warlike engines of every sort captured from the Germans—guns great and small, machine guns, aerial torpedoes and regimental flags from the battle of the Marne and other victorious fields.

Deputy Cuvier, representing the Department of Creuse, introduced in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday a bill providing for the establishment of state monopolies in sugar, alcohol and petroleum, with a view to stabilizing selling prices and providing revenue for the state.

## Italians Seek More Control by Parliament

LONDON, Nov. 22 (By mail).—The Italian military disasters had the effect of creating a powerful movement for greater "parliamentary control" over the war policy. "The Times" correspondent writes from Rome that the group known hitherto as "the 47" has declared in favor of the appointment of "parliamentary commissions" on the French model. The group has now secured the adhesion of 131 Deputies. The Radicals and the Reformist Socialists have taken a similar position to the movement.

Another interesting feature of the political situation in Italy is the reappearance of Signor Giolitti in public life. Signor Giolitti exerted all his powers to keep Italy neutral. His warning to the government leaders, in the course of his recent speech in the Chamber, that the responsibility for Italy's welfare lay on them alone attracted considerable attention.

The "Stampa," commenting on Signor Giolitti's reappearance, makes a statement to which special attention may perhaps be drawn—namely, that "every one recognizes that Signor Giolitti has once more dominated the Chamber, or at any rate the great majority of the Chamber."

To this "The Times" correspondent adds: "That seems to be a just estimate of the parliamentary situation. Signor Giolitti's extraordinary power over the Chamber was clearly manifest."

## Greece to Seize Property Of Two Former Premiers

LONDON, Dec. 9.—A Reuter dispatch from Athens says the state will sequestrate the property of Stephanos Skouloudis and Spyridon Lambos, former Greek Premiers.

This will be held as a guarantee against any damages they may be ordered to pay when they are tried on a charge of attempting to foment a revolt in favor of former King Constantine.

## U. S. Engineer's Letter Confirms German Atrocities

Captain Never Believed the Stories Until He Got to France

"I never before believed the stories we got in America of the boche outrages. I have to believe them now, and they are many times worse than the stories that I heard at home."

This excerpt from a letter from a captain in the American regiment of engineers which participated with the British in the Battle of Cambrai was received with emotion yesterday afternoon when read before eight hundred relatives and friends of the regiment at a meeting at the Engineers' Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street. The association of parents and friends of the men in the regiment gathered to permit its members to pool the news they had received about the men "over there" through letters and to plan welfare work for them. A plan to issue a bulletin weekly to keep the members informed about the affairs of the men in the regiment was announced.

After describing conditions in France which led him to understand the nature of German atrocities, the captain whose letter was read ended:

"I cannot understand what the mental processes or operations of the Hun have been. It must be the wrathful spite of a disappointed, degenerate mind."

Boches Crucify Prisoners  
"Canadian and Scottish battalions take no prisoners," the captain said. "They give and ask no quarter. The reason is that the boches have several times crucified Canadian and Scottish prisoners and held them above the trenches in view of the battalion. In one such case a Canadian battalion went right over the top to the boche trenches without orders. Very few of them returned."

"The thing that makes our blood boil is the absolutely unnecessary and wanton destruction wrought by the retreating Hun. His usual wonderful, systematic methods have been applied to this destruction. Whole towns that have hardly been touched by shell fire have been destroyed by dynamiting. So much of it has absolutely no military value. Isolated houses, beautiful chateaus, garden walls, little summer houses are all blown up. Shade trees, flower trees are cut down or the bark cut so the trees will die. Cemeteries have been ransacked."

## Twenty Other Letters Read

This letter was written to Robert Bider, a member of the executive committee of the association. Twenty other letters were read. They described the reaction of the engineers to their work in camp and their experiences with the enemy in French towns.

F. L. Cox, third vice-president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and treasurer of the association, announced at the end of the meeting that more than \$700 had been collected from those present, and that \$1,200 had already been spent for welfare work and Christmas gifts for the men in the regiment.

F. L. Crawford, engineer, president of the society, presided. Mrs. E. J. MacIsaac, the vice-president; Mrs. H. J. Stehli, the secretary, and Dr. D. H. Brown, chaplain at Camp Upton, also sat on the platform.

Of the eight hundred present only a few persons knew where the regiment was stationed in France before the Cambrai fighting was printed. It was learned by a rising poll. Relatives of the soldiers asked how they could learn the extent of the American casualties, and they were told that the War Department would notify relatives.

## Sweden Enters Trade Pact With Austria

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 9.—Sweden and Austria-Hungary have concluded a commercial agreement under which Sweden will secure some needed articles, especially lubricating oils.

## Station Islanders to Protest

Curtailed Train Service  
Three hundred residents of Staten Island will appear this afternoon before the Public Service Commission in an effort to convince that body that the

## Statler's Fourth Hotel

Now Open—in St. Louis

The newest Hotel Statler is in St. Louis. Like the Statler Hotels in Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, it is operated on the theory that "the guest is always right;" and it will give you the "more than your money's worth" which is a cardinal principle of Statler policy.

There you will find, as in the other three Statler Cities, a complete hotel—complete in every detail: Every room has private bath; circulating ice-water and many other comfort-features—down to such details as pin-cushions with thread, needles and buttons and a morning paper under your door.

Well-selected library; luxurious lounging rooms; excellent restaurants; ample space and equipment for handling meetings and conventions; convenient and pleasant sample rooms.

And, above all, a courteous, interested service—Statler Service.

Room rates in all Hotels Statler are well-balanced; more than 60% of the 3100 rooms are \$3.00 a day and less.

## HOTELS STATLER

BUFFALO - CLEVELAND - DETROIT - ST. LOUIS

The Fifth will be in New York  
Hotel Penney/mania, now building in New York, will be Statler-operated. With its 2300 rooms, 2200 baths, it will be the world's largest hotel and will likewise set new high standards of convenience, service and distinction.

## Gidding

5TH AVE AT 46TH ST  
PARIS NEW YORK  
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Announce, beginning today—

## Very Important Values

Street and Costume Suits—Afternoon and Evening Gowns—Exquisite Wraps—Fur-Trimmed Coats—Charming Blouses—Fashionable Millinery and Christmas Furs.

VERY NOTABLE REDUCTIONS PREVAIL

## Wilson to Review Colored "Movie" Pictures of Navy

First Demonstration of New Method of Photography Devoted to Patriotic Work

President Wilson in the White House this week will officially review a new method of motion picture photography recently invented whose initial demonstration of its wonders has been devoted entirely to the patriotic work of photographing America's navy in action. The Chief Executive will have brought before him on the screen in their natural colors the ships, men and guns, just as they appeared last summer on the Atlantic, in the war zone or floating quietly at their home bases.

It has taken a staff of twenty expert photographers under the direction of the Navy Department, with the assistance of Dr. George A. Dorsey, of the Creel Publicity Bureau, five months to take these pictures. Every phase of the lives and work of the men in the navy has been photographed in detail.

Although color photography is not new, it is said to have reached its highest development in the new pictures, and the Navy Department has insisted that the Prisma Color Film Company, holders of the patents, guard the process carefully, and release no pictures until the official naval pictures are indorsed and released for public exhibition. When the pictures are officially released, so that nothing of military value may be revealed, the government will present them to the public simultaneously in all of the large cities, probably during Christmas week.

The Navy Department calls attention to the fact that all of the pictures have been taken since this country entered the war. The pictures are intended not only to serve as a stimulus for recruiting, but to convince Americans of the efficiency of their navy.

IF YOU WANT GOOD BOOKS. SAVE MONEY—VISIT THE BOOK CORNER  
Old and rare books, fine bindings and standard sets  
251 FIFTH AVENUE (Cor. 28th St.)

## DISTON'S

CHRISTMAS CARD ROOM NOW OPEN  
The Complete Book Store  
681 Fifth Ave., opp. St. Thomas Church

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.

STATION ISLAND RAPID TRANSIT RAILROAD  
which has taken off eighty-nine trains, is no longer rendering adequate service. William Wirt Mills, president of the Staten Island City League, will be one of the speakers.